THE WAY THE MONEY GOES .- The French Government advertised for and got taken a three per cent loan of five hundred millions of francs. Now, when that loan was taken French three per cents were worth about 60 per cent. and when stealings were taken off, the government realized a very little over 59 francs for every 100 francs of debt incurred. That is the way these temporal power of the Pope, which has evidently been

war debts mount up. At one time when the elder Napoleon was carrying things before him, and the struggle maintained by Great Britain looked hopeless, a part of her immense debt was contracted upon terms quite as bad as these to which France has to submit; perhaps upon the whole they were worse before the specie was a ctually placed in the hands of the paymasters of Wellington's legions in Spain, or paid over to the subsidized German or Russian potentates, who hardly ever put in the field as many men as they took pay for.

But this was in desperate times. Now, Louis Na poleon is at the head of Europe-he is on the top of the wheel-'ne fights not as the English did, for existence, but for ambition—the prosperity and the power of France under him are lauded to the skies, while the unbounded resources of her credit are vaunted in strains partaking of hyperbole. Yet France realized but 59 for every 100 of debt. How long can all this last?

We have spent a good many hours recently in poring over papers and historics and all that sort of thing to try and find out something of the real course of events -something of the feelings and motives of present or possible parties to the existing war, and we confess that we are about as far off as ever from any very definite conclusion. The London Times, a paper which is evidently actuated by feelings of hostility to Louis Napoleon and the French generally, quotes a pretty long article from the Augsburg Algemeine Zeitung, the leading paper of Germany, deprecating delay, and arging the Germanic confederation to take part at once in support of Austria against France. The Zeitung contends that Germany, from Cologne to Swabia, from the Baltic to the Euxine, is enthusiastic and united for war against France. It argues that German armies can march to Paris and take that capital. That Russia moves slow and cannot send many men across her own frontier, and that a resolute course on the part of Germany will detatch Russia from France or impose upon her a forced inactivity, while it is presumed that England would be glad to see her exacting ally humbled, and the threat of Cherbourg removed. The recompense to Germany is to be found in extending the boundaries of the confederation over the now French provinces of

of its Teutonic cotemporary in a rather cynical tone. It found in a sitting posture, his back leant up against a regards the scheme as wild, and well it may. It is a tree on the side of the Little Bridge Road about a quarlong way to Paris, and it took a world in arms to get ter of a mile from the Upper Railroad Bridge. The there even after Napoleon had lost his veteran armies in only mark of violence which was noticed, was a deep in-Russia. Out of this feeling, however, something may dentation on the right side of his head, two or three come. If Germany be really disposed, as the Zeitung | inches above the temple, where the head is crushed in represents her to be, there is no knowing how soon hos- and the brain protruded. His head was leant to the tilities may spring up. Where there is a will, there is left. a way. Where there is a disposition to go to war, there can never be any difficulty in getting an excuse.

and not involving federal interests; as, for instance, the verge of the corporate limits in that direction. Italian provinces of Austria are not included in the and aggressive on the part of Austria, and that in its nor money were about his person. progress Austria gets defeated, the French pursue her into her German territories, then, by the terms of con- body. - Daily Journal, 17th inst. federation, all the States of Germany are bound to send their contingents to screen Austria from the punishment due to her own aggressive ambition in a war in which which they could have had nothing to gain.

Whether, after the news of the great battle before Milan, the German presses and governments will be so eager for the invasion of France, is another thing .-Louis Napoleon will not advance into the German provinces of Austria if he can bring her to terms without assistance of the Confederation, will not come to terms short of an advance on Vienna, and then indeed complications, of which no man can see the end, must ensue.

By the way, a few years ago, Elihu Burritt, the learned blacksmith, and other blathering sort of people, went trampoosing and tea-drinking around the world, held peace congresses, etc., while the monarchs were swelling their legions. War was to be no more-we were in the nineteenth century. What sort of commentary on that is the "loss" of 37,000 men in one battle? The world count for their sudden appearance by remembering that is the same old world that it used to be. Perhaps a professional thieves and burglars generally go in gangs, little killing is good for it-who knows? It hurts some- and while in a place keep it in constant alarm and then body, but it is glory!

Melancholy Accident.

This morning about 9 o'clock, Mr. James H. Downs, second mate of Schr. D. B. Warner, lying in front of the Custom House, fell from the cross-trees of the mainmast (where he was performing some duty,) to the wharf, a distance of about 70 feet. Medical assistance was immediately called, but he died in about half an hour, from the effect of the injuries received, which appeared to be internal. The deceased was aged about 23 years, a native of Greenport, L. I., where his mother, with brothers and sisters, now live. He had been a member of the M. E. Church for some 6 or 8 years, and is represented to have been a steady and industrious young

Coroner Hartsfield held an inquest over the remains and verdict in accordance with above facts.

Daily Journal, 18th inst.

Onslow and Jones Counties. We are requested to state that Hon. Thos. Ruffin, the Democratic nominee for the 2d Congressional district, will address his fellow-citizens in Onslow and Jones

Jacksonville, Onslow county, on Thursday the 30th of June.

The " Carolina Female College," located in Anson county some ten miles north west of Wadesboro', has been discontinued. Reason, -want of adequate support. The assumed sickliness of the location is assigned as the cause of the small patronage bestowed on the school.

A beautiful village had grown up around the College, and few handsomer places can be found in the State .-It is to be regretted that the institution has been closed.

STEALING .- We learn that on Friday, a negro employed as a fireman at the Steam Grist and Flouring | will be a warning. Mills of Messrs. STORLEY & OLDHAM, slipped into the and opening the drawer with a key he had procured or acknowledged the taking of the money but has not yet tice .- Daily Journal, 17th instreturned it, saying that he cannot find it where he hid it.

A tutor lecturing a young man for his irregular convices will bring your father's grey hairs in sorrow to the gible, "my father wears a wig."

The Paris correspondent of the London Star, writing of the suppression of foreign papers at the Paris Post

"The increase of vigilance and zeal is owing to the occurrence which has just taken place at Alessandria, and which it is most urgent to keep secret. Two priests, both Italian, belonging to Tortone, have been arrested and shot, having been detected in a conspiracy on the life of the Emperor. The news cannot be doubted, although the incident in itself proves nothing, save the dread which has seized upon all true Catholics concerning the intention of Louis Napoleon to destroy the turned to account to work upon fanatic ignorance, and has been made use of to serve a political influence."

We find the above paragraph going the rounds of our exchanges. We are inclined to think it entitled to about as much credit as the majority of newspaper spec-

ulations and one-sided representations of facts. Louis Napoleon, in 1831, joined the Carbonari (charcoal-burners,) a secret society, having its ramifications all through Italy, its professed object being the achievement of Italian liberty and republicanism. He took the oaths of this society, one of which binds him to die for republicanism, if so required by the society. Whether he was sincere in taking these oaths may well be doubted. We do not think he was. However, he took part in an Italian rising about that time, which was unsuccessful. The Carbonari proved too weak, and therefore he abandoned them as useless tools. He made his escape to England, still a sworn Carbonaro, and is to this present day bound by oaths from which only his brother Carbonari can release him. His first essay as member of that association was for the overthrow of the papal authority. Almost his first exercise of authority as President of France was to send an army to Rome to reinstate the Pope and crush the republicans there as he was about to do himself in France. The Carbonari have not released him from his oath, and follow him with the penalty of death for its violation hence the attempt made upon his life by Italians, and the attempts which are continued to be made. Hence this last attempt, said to be made by two priests. Louis Napoleon knows better; we suppose, and so do mos people who look at the matter aright.

Apart from Louis Napoleon's ambition, which no one will question, and his hatred to Austria, for which he has the best grounds, we think that a desire to appease the vengeance and propitiate the favor of his sworn brethren of the Carbonari, has something to do with his

loud professions and open intervention in Italy. His pronunciamento, issued on his landing at Bologne n 1840 or 1841, shows the style of professions he used to indulge in, and leave little doubt as to the imperial schemer's character for truth.

Murdered Man Found.

This morning between 7 and 8 o'clock, the dead body of a white man, apparently about forty-five years of age, The Times comments upon this enthusiastic outburst | middle-sized and roughly dressed in working clothes, was

lead to untold involvements. Thus: It is provided that it lay. Up to the time when our reporter left the place, forth in his inaugural address and annual messages. the Confederation is not bound to assist any of its mem- no person had recognized the murdered man. The spot bers in a quarrel arising outside of the confederation, where the body was found must be about the extreme

P. S.—We learn that the deceased was named Thom-German Confederation, and Austria is not entitled to AS WILSON, and lived on the land of Mr. JOHN SCARcall upon the Confederation to assist in their defence; BOROUGH, some 12 miles from town, near the W. & W. but, for all that, the Confederation may become involved Railroad, where he leaves a wife and two children. He on account of non-federal interests, and this, too, possi- had come to town with Turpentine for himself and Mr. bly, in defence of rank injustice. Say that Austria S., and had received the money for his own on yestergets into a war with France about Italy, and say farth- day, amounting to some \$21. He had purchased a pair er, for the sake of illustration, that that war is unjust of shoes, and when found as above stated, neither shoes

Coronor Jones is now holding an inquest over the

INQUEST .- The verdict of the jury summoned yesterday by Coroner Jones, to hold an inquest over the body the other states could have had no interest, and from of Thomas Wilson, the man found dead yesterday morning beside the Little Bridge Road, returned a verdict that the deceased came to his death from a violent blow and to us of Wilmington. He evinced a personal knowor blows on the head, inflicted by a person or persons

This murder of poor Wilson is a horrible thing, done, as it must have been to get, possession of the few dollars doing so, but it may be that Austria, relying upon the he had about him, the product of the sales of a few barrels of turpentine. As yet there is no clue to the guilty party or parties. It is said that "murder will out' -we hope this case may form a speedy illustration of that proverb. We could have no misgivings about the propriety of capital punishment as applied to the dastardly murderer or murderers.

There would appear at times to be a sort of felonious epidemie, a contagion of crime. As for attempts at housebreaking and other things of that kind, we can acleave it comparatively safe until visited by some other

But even murders and other crimes by violence in the country, outside of the habitually criminal classes, seem to hardly ever come singly. We see this every day .-There is even a mysterious sympathy or contagion influencing the very form of the prevailing offences .these things, followed in a grim and gastly manner by invite you (in behalf of the citizens of Stump Sound,) to de- reparation for the wrongs committed. its deprayed votaries.

Just about now there would appear to be some organized gangs around, as well as a sporadic outbreak of the criminal instincts among the irregularly vicious-the volunteers not regularly enlisted in the trained bands of lawlessness. It behooves our citizens and authorities to be on the alert, alike for their own present protection, and in order that the prompt detection and punishment of marauders may give others warning to give our town | To eulogize a subject upon which eulogy has long been exa wide berth in future.—Daily Journal, 18th inst.

yesterday morning for breaking into Mr. Myers' store, were arraigned before the Court of Pleas this morning and convicted on five separate indictments: The first erty, compels me to accept the solicitation. I hope you Trenton, Jones county, on Tuesday the 28th of June. for stealing a knife belonging to Mr. Taylor ;-the second for stealing a bullet mould belonging to Mr. Spalding ;-the third for stealing a gold locket belonging to Mr. Holmes; the fourth for stealing a pencil case and other jewelry belonging to Mr. Holmes ;-the fifth for

stealing a brace and bit belonging to Mr. Risley. The judgment of the Court was that they should each receive 39 lashes and six months imprisonment for each offence, making for the whole 195 lashes, and two years imprisonment, they getting their first whipping this morning and being discharged after their last.

Their offence, although technically larceny, was really For Governor, John G. Saxe, (the poet and lecturer,) burglary and an attempt to murder. Their punishment

Much praise is justly due to M. B. Smith, Esq., Sooffice during the temporary absence of those in charge, licitor, for the marked energy and ability displayed by him in the management of this case, whereby these offen- tion with slavery in the States, Territories or districts; stolen, purloined therefrom some \$90 in money. He ders have been brought to an adequate measure of jus- in favor of the compromise of 1850; in favor of a

trotted to wagons three miles over the Eclipse Course, duct, added with great pathos: "The report of your N. Y., on Thursday last. The time of the first heat grave." "I beg your pardon, sir," replied the incorri- was 7m. 51s., being just about as long for trotting the igration, and express an abiding confidence in the printhree miles as good racers would take to run four miles. ciples of the democratic party.

The Educational Convention.

We continue to condense from the Newbern Progress, which brings us the doings of Wednesday. The session was opened by Prayer. His Excellency Gov. Ellis was invited to a seat on the platform.

Rev. C. H. Wiley announced addresses to be delivered before the Association by Prof. Hubbard. Ex-Gov. Swain, Rev. Mr. Dougherty, and Prof. Jones of Greensboro' Female College, the last written by Mrs. Jones. W. W. Holden, Esq. was nominated for President of the Convention by Gov. Ellis, who accompanied the nomination by some eulogistic remarks. Mr. H. was

unanimously elected. Mr. Holden, on taking the chair returned his thanks for the honor conferred upon him, and commented in e eling and appropriate terms upon the objects contemplated in the establishment of the Educational Association. He concluded by paying a graceful compliment

to the town of Newbern and the county of Craven. John P. Ross, of Mecklenburg, H. Norwood, of Person, L. Branson, of Lenoir, Rev. Neal McKay, of Harnett, C. W. Smither, of Catawba, and D. S. Richardson, of Wilson, were appointed Vice Presidents .-J. D. Campbell, of Greensboro', Recording Secretary, and C. C. Cole, of same place, Corresponding Secretary.

A series of by-laws was adopted. It was agreed to go on an excursion to Beaufort and

Carolina City on Friday. Professor Hubbard's address, which is highly spoken for two hours. of, was delivered between 11 1-2 and dinner-hour. A vote of thanks was passed, and a copy requested for the use of the association.

Mr. Wiley reported that the North Carolina Journal of Education was not successful as an enterprise, and must fail unless some means could be devised to render battle at Magenta was undecided, but the French had

Mr. Pool, editor of the Beaufort Journal, introduced a preamble and resolutions, setting forth the desirability of having some uniformity in the text-books used in all the departments of North Carolina schools, and providing for the appointment of a committee to take the whole matter under consideration—gather information from educators and publishers, and report the result of

The preamble and resolutions were adopted, and S. D. Pool, Rev. I. M. Jones, and Rev. C. H. Wiley, appointed the committee to carry out their suggestions. with three hundred exiles.

Ex-Gov. Swain delivered his historical lecture at night n the Presbyterian Church. His lecture embraced the times of Gov. Tryon, and touched incidentally upon the educational system of that last royal Governor.

the Williamston Mercury, with the view of being concirculars say at a partial decline of 18d. Midnected with Mr. Trumbo, in the publication of the Wil-dling Orleans 6 13-16d; Middling Uplands 6 9-16d. son Ledger. Mr. A. S. Williams continues his connection with the Mercury, and will hereafter be its sole

The Murfreesborough Citizen, published by Messrs. Foster & Nicholson, appears this week enlarged in size and renewed as to its types. The Citizen is a good European orders. Democratic paper, well edited and deserving success.

The Democratic State Convention for the State of Georgia, has re-nominated Gov. Brown, as a candi-There were steps going to the tree and returning, but date for re-election to the office of Governor of that no evidence of any struggle in the neighborhood. There State. The Convention expressed confidence in the

> N. C. Stocks.—Sales of \$8,000 6 per cent bonds sold in New York on the 16th inst. at 9715-9,000 Virginia 6's at 9634.

> > For the Journal. Town Meeting.

A meeting of citizens of the town of Wilmington was held in the Court House on Thursday evening, the 16th inst., in ursuance of a call from his Honor, the Mayor. On motion, John Dawson, Esq., Mayor, was called to preside, and James Fulton appointed Secretary. The Mayor explained the object of the meeting to be the derson county, with the view of promoting the extension of the Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford Railread to the Tennessee line, through the Reedy Path Gap.

John C. McRae, Esq., being called upon, made some statements in reference to the line of the proposed exten-In response to a call, Judge Person gave a sketch of the character of the mountain country. its necessities, and requirements in the way of public improvements, and the feelig there entertained on that subject. Judge Person's remarks were listened to with much attention. Rev. Mr. Robbins spoke of the country above Rutherford

he great advantage of the proposed extension to the State ledge of the country about which he talked. On motion of N. N. Nixon, Esq., the chair appointed a committee of five to draft resolutions for the action of the 000 meeting. The chair appointed Hon. S. J. Person, Rev. M. Robbins, Robert Strange, N. N. Nixon, and Alfred Martin,

The committee, through their chairman, Hon. S. J. Per n, reported the following, which were unanimously adop Resolved, That we feel anxious to be united with our fel

ow-citizens of the counties west of the Blue Ridge by Rail oad communication, through the most feasible route. Resolved, That from surveys and other official reports, we are led to believe that the line from the present western terminus of the Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford Raiload, through the Reedy Patch Gap to the Tennessee line, affords the most feasible route.

Resolved, That the Chairman be authorized to appoint, at his leisure, twenty delegates to attend a proposed Convention, to be held at Reedy Patch Gap on the 4th of July, there o meet and consult with our fellow-citizens of the western ounties as to the best mode of accomplishing the object in iew-that is, the crossing of the Blue Ridge at the most faorable point, either at the Reedy Patch Gap or elsewhere.

Resolved, That the Secretary furnish a copy of these proeedings to the papers of town, with a request that they be

On further motion Resolved, That this meeting adjourn. JÖHN DAWSON, Chm'n. JAMES FULTON, Sec'y.

Correspondence.

STUMP SOUND, June 10th, 1859.

Dr. JOHN D. FRICER,

liver an address at the Golden place on the 4th of next July, suitable for the occasion; we trust and hope that you will

We have the pleasure of being yours, &c.,

omply with our request.

S. J. HARDISON, W. D. SPARKMAN, J. W. HARDISON, W. H. BATSON, STUMP SOUND, ONSLOW COUNTY, JUNE 18TH, 1859. GENTLEMEN: Your note came to hand a few days ago.-

hausted, requires that degree of mental ability of which few alone can boast. Duty bids me decline your kind solicita-The prisoners, Williams and Kiple, arrested tion, but the desire to revive that patriotic duty here, to celebrate the birthday of liberty, and kindle and keep burning the fires of liberty upon their altars, that they may better appreciate the great principle of civil and religious libwill bear in mind the short time I have in preparing the address, which demands your kindest indulgence. Accept, gentlemen, my regards personally, and through

you as a medium to those you represent, the same are ten-

Very respectfully,

JNO. DAN'L SPICER. To Messrs. S. J. Hardison, W. D. Sparkman, J. W. Hardi son, W. H. Batson, and others, Committee.

Vermont Democratic State Convention. BURLINGTON, June 16 .- The democratic State Convention assembled here to-day, and was quite largely attended. The following State nominations were made of Burlington; Lieutenant Governor, Stephen Thomas of Montpelier. Mr. Saxe made a speech accepting the nomination. Douglas delegates were appointed to the

national convention. Resolutions were adopted in favor of non-intervenstrict adherence to the doctrine of popular sovereignty; endorsing the administration of James Buchanau; fa-TROTTING VS. RUNNING.—Flora Temple and Princess voring the acquisition of Cuba, and hoping that the complication of European politics will aid the acquisition of that island without the sacrifice of the national honor. The resolutions further favor foreign em-

BY TELEGRAPH.

Four Days Later from Europe .--- Arrival of the Steamship Anglo-Saxon. FARTHER POINT BELOW QUEBEC, C. E.,

June 18th, 1859 The Steamship Anglo Saxon, from Liverpool with dates to the 8th inst. has arrived here. She reports that a decisive battle had taken place near Milan, in which the Austrians were defeated; loss twenty-five thousand killed and disabled-and five thousand taken prison-

ers French loss twelve thousand. The Austrians had evacuated Milan.

LIVERPOOL, June 8, 1859. Cotton-Sales during the week have been in some cases 1/8d lower than former quotations.

Breadstuffs slightly lower. Provisions dull. Consols slightly higher. No details received.

Further Details by the Anglo-Saxon. QUEBEC, June 20, 1859. [The steamphip Anglo Saxon arrived at this port on Saturday evening. She brings news from Liverpool to the 8th inst., being four days later. The news from the

seat of war is of a highly interesting character.] The French crossed the Ticino at Turbigo on the 4th. in the face of a determined resistance by the Austrians

The Austrians had evacuated Milan. Napoleon says he took twelve thousand Austrian muskets. The Austrians left cannon and treasure at Milan.

The King of Sardinia was to enter Milan on the 7th. The London Times says, that at the latest dates the the best of it. The absence of later telegrams via Paris

does not indicate French success. The London Advertiser says it is rumored that the government had a despatch from the British Minister at Vienna announcing an Austrian victory.

Opinion is strengthening in London that the French were defeated, although the rapid movements of th allies across the Ticino had compelled the Austrians to their investigations to the next annual meeting of the accept battle. Napoleon was present, but did not com-

> The details are conflicting. The latest accounts are of the sixth via Vienna. Kossuth was to leave England on the sixth for Italy

> > The Liverpool Markets,

LIVERPOOL, June 8th, 1859. Cotton—Sales for the past three days 17,000 bales. Exporters and speculators taking 2,000-closing NEWSPAPER DOINGS .- Mr. J. H. Foy retires from with little enquiry and prices weak. Some

> Breadstuffs all qualities slightly declined. American flour unsaleable.

Wheat declined 2s. a 3s. Corn declined and tending downwards, holders are pressing on the market at a considerable decline for

Rosin dull at 4s. 1d. Spirits Turpentine dull but steady. Rice dull, and quotations barely maintained.

New YORK, June 18th, 1859-A. M. The match race between "Tar River" and "Bill The articles of confederation between the different appears to be very little doubt that whoever killed him ability and patriotism of President Buchanan, and ap- Cheatam," for five thousand dollars a side, three mile States of Germany are rather complicated and liable to carried the body and placed it in the position in which proval of the National and Democratic principles set heats, came off yesterday, "Tar River" winning in two straight heats. Time 6:12 and 6:1715.

> New York, June 17th, 1859. The three mile race on the Long Island Course, between Flora Temple and Princess, came off yesterday Flora Temple beating Princess in two straight heats. Time 7.59 1/4.

> > Two Steamboats Burned.

PITTSBURG Ame 15.—At two o'clock this morning a fire broke out on board the steamer Endeavor, lying at her dock, which soon spread to the Gazelle, and both appointment of delegates to a proposed Mass Convention, boats were burnt to the water's edge. There was no to be held on the 4th of July at Reedy Patch Gap, in Henfreight on board of either boat. The Endeavor was partially insured, having \$1,400 in the Pennsylvania Insu- the right of a single county to nominate a candidate for rance Company at Harrisburg, \$2,000 in the Quaker Congress, it cannot be doubted that the Democracy of lands. City Company of Harrisburg, and \$1,500 in the Great any one county possesses an equal right with another, Western at Philadelphia. The Gazelle had but \$1,500 to bring forward a candidate, and that, too, without insured on her.

Bank Defalcation.

New York, June 16.-Judge Rooseveit has ordered the arrest of Edward Belknap, on complaint of the Union Bank, for fraudulently certifying checks while teller of that institution. The amount of the alleged embezzlement is \$168.000. His bail was fixed at \$30.-

Georgia Democratic State Convention.

MILLEDGVILLE, June 15 .- The Democratic State mended by them or adopted by the meeting. But sup-Convention, which met here to-day, re-nominated Gov- pose this county should nominate a different person and ernor Brown by acclamation. Resolutions were adopted | the other counties of the District might, in the exercise reaffirming the Cincinnati platform, and expressing con- of their right, each select its own candidate. The confidence in the ability and patriotism of President Bu- sequence would be inevitable defeat. chanan, and approving the principles laid down in his inaugural address and his annual message on the subject | ed as the Representative of the District, I could nev-

Arrival of the Overland California Mail.

St. Louis, June 15.—The overland California mail the 23d ult. has arrived. The democratic delegate election to the convention to nominate a Governor, held in San Francisco, resulted in favor of Mr. Nugent, only two delegates opposed to him being elected. Fourteen convicts have escaped from the State penitentiary by cutting through a wall from two to three

From Washington. Washington, June 15th.—The United States vessels Levant, Wyoming and Lancaster, which are to compose | the Governor, that special terms of the Superior Court a part of the Pacific squadron, will visit Chila in view have been ordered, and will be held as follows: of our unsettled affairs with that country, and the recent outrages on our citizens. It is known that instructions ty, 4th Monday in June, by Judge Heath.

There is no probability that the naval force in the The Navy Department has received information of

Mediterranean will be increased. the death of Lieut Duer, in Florida. From Washington.

Washington, June 17th .- The ordering of a more efficient naval force to the African coast was not in consequence of any late complaint by the British government. It was long ago contemplated, but until recently there were no vessels which could be used for that purpose. So far as our government is aware, no new orders

tion with the treaty stipulating for the suppression of the slave trade on the coast of Africa. There is nothing in recently received leters to distinguished gentlemen in Washington which afford any ground for the belief that England will become involved with the present war in Europe.

have been issued since 1842 by the British, in connec-

It is understood that the cabinet to-day finally acted on the document they have for several weeks had under considmitted to Mr. Dallas by the next steamer.

On Tuesday last the following gentlemen were examined before the Supreme Court, and being found qualified, were admitted to the bar of the Superior Court of this State: Wm. S. Norment, Lumberton.

The Supreme Court.

B. B. Barnes, Wilson, D. C. Allen, Brunswick county, D. J. Devane, New Hanover county, H. T. Brown, Wilkes county, P. T. Hay, Rockingham county, G. C. Woodley, Kinston,

R. McNair, Richmond county, Geo. M. Duskin, Orange county, John M. Perry, Carteret county, H. B. Short, Plymouth, G. Badger Harris, Henderson, Geo. W. Brooks, Raleigh,

W. L. Alexander, Lincolnton,

Seaton Gales.

C. Dowd, Carthage.

S. S. Jackson, Chapel Hill,

Thomas W. Williams, Warrenton. A. J. Boyd, Rockingham county, Register. For the Journal.

· WHITEVILLE, N. C., June 11th, 1859. THOMAS D. McDowell, Esq., Dear Sir :- At a Convention of the Democratic party of Columbus County, held this day in Whiteville, you were unanimously nominated as the first choice of the Democracy of Columbus, a Candidate for a seat in the next Congress of the United States, and by them throughout this district.

We were appointed a committee to inform you of your nomination, and to convey to you the united wish of the Convention that you would accept the same .-The Democracy of Columbus wish to say to you through us, that by the action of their Convention they have only placed a confidence and confered a compliment that your faithful public services, your zealous and patriotic support of the principles of our great State, National and Conservative party, have well merited. In performing this pleasant task assigned us by the Convention, permit us to add our individual hopes that you may find it agreeable to yourselt to comply with

With sentiments of the highest regard, we are very respectfully, your friends and fellow citizens.

RICHARD WOOTEN. J. C. POWELL. W. W. Brown, J. W. Ellis, J. H. M. STANLY. A. J. BALDWIN, JOSIAH B. HARRELSON.

ELIZABETHTOWN, JUNE 14TH, 1859. GENTLEMEN: Your favor has just been received, informing me of my unanimous nomination by the Convention held in Whiteville on the 11th inst., as a can didate to represent this District in the next Congress and expressing a desire that I would accept the nomi-

To possess the confidence of the Democracy of your county; of those Democrats who have always been true to our principles; who have sustained and defended them Surplus, 300,000 in adversity as well as prosperity, is an honor not lightly to be esteemed; and I can assure you, gentlemen, that I am unable to express my gratitude for this evidence of Cash in hand of Agents and in transit,.....

The term for which our late members to Congres were elected, having expired on the 4th day of March, steps were taken in the different Districts in the State, to bring forward candidates to be voted for at the next

In every District besides ours (except one) Conventions have already been held and candidates selected. In the Seventh District no county has proposed a Convention, consequently none has been held.

In the month of May, the Democracy of Columbus county, in the innocency of their hearts, supposing that JAMES GOODWIN, they had the right in common with other counties of the State, assembled in meeting and proposed that the counties in this Congressional District should meet in Convention and nominate a candidate for Congress :- expressly stating, that they were actuated by a desire to promote harmony and advance the interest of the party. Immediately a storm was raised-those who favored a Convention were denounced as "disorganizers," "po- property, on its usual satisfactory terms. litical intriguers," "lactionists" and "aspirants for of-

This was ungenerous, to say the least—I know the men well who participated in your meeting. Many of years at low rates of premium. them have grown grey in the service of the party, and the only reward they have ever asked or desired was the consciousness of knowing that they were right.

ventions was too well settled to admit of a doubt. To adopt the principle, that a candidate, once nominated, shall hold office at his option, is destructive of the very essence of Republicanism; it annihilates the most important feature in our system of Government-viz: the entire dependence of the representative upon the constituent; it renders null and void that article in our Declaration of Rights, that "all political power is vest ed in and derived from the people only." In recommending a District Convention, your action

has been sustained by every District in the State except Mr. Conoly. one; you were pursuing a course in strict conformity to Democratic doctrine and practice, and you had a right to expect that courtesy due from those professing the same political faith and aiming at the same results. It is not surprising, then, that the Democracy of your county should feel aggrieved at the treatment they have

harmony. You have the consolation to know that you have done your duty, and it difficulty should occur, the responsibility can not rest on you. Your position was correct; it can not be successfully attacked, and I am confident a majority of the District would sustain you. Whatever difference of opinion may exist in regard to

having their allegiance to party called into question. But suppose the right be admitted and put into practice. In addition to the meetings already held, the del-

egates to the Convention proposed to have been held in Wilmington on the 26th May, have issued a call to the Democrats of this county to assemble in Convention on I was not aware that any of the delegates from this county had attended in Wilmington until I saw their card published, nor have I had the opportunity of communicating with them since their return, and am, therefore, unable to say what course of action will be recom-

However much I might feel flattered by being selecter consent to be thus honored at the risk of jeopardizing the success of the Democratic party. I esteem its success too important to allow personal considerations to influence me when there is danger of its defeat. Under these circumstances, I must decline most respectfully to become a candidate.

Yours very respectfully, T. D. McDOWELL. Messis, Rich'd. Wooten, J. C. Powell, W. W. Brown, J. W. Ellis, J. H. M. Stanly, A. J. Bald-WIN, JOSIAH B. HARRELSON.

Special Terms of the Superior Courts. We learn from Mr. Daves, the Private Secretary to

Wilkes county, 3d Monday in June, and Ashe coun-There would appear to be a sort of horrible fashion in | Sir: We being appointed as a Committee, respectfully have already been forwarded to our minister to demand | Wayne county, 3d Monday in June, by Judge Saun-

> Montgomery county, 4th Monday in June, by Judge Buncombe county, 3d Monday in July, to continue two weeks, by Judge Bailey. Pitt county, 4th Monday in July, by Judge Manly. Mecklenburg county, 2d Monday in July, by Judg

Duplin county, 3d Monday in September, by Judge

The shallow proverb, "Familiarity breeds contempt," has

THE WORLD AMAZED: ALL NATIONS THANKFUL.

a very limited application. Familiarity with that which is admirable, useful and beneficient, breeds respect, gratitude and enthusiasm. It has been thus with Holloway's inesti mable Pills. The more thoroughly we become acquainted with their wonderful properties, the more we see of their operation in the most desperate cases, the more deeply seneration, expressive of the views of the administration on sible do we become of the value of humanity of a medical the subject of neutral rights. It will probably be trans- discoverer like Professor HOLLOWAY. In this country, where we are quick to perceive and prompt to admit the claims of greatness in every department of art or science his popularity is boundless, and the demand for his remedies might be called a furore, if it were not founded on the solid basis of experience. In the seasons when dysentary and diarrhea prevail, the population of whole districts in the South and West refuse to take any other preparation than the Pills. The resident physicians remonstrate with them in vain. It is useless to tell the sick, who are daily recover ing strength, appetite, health and cheerfulness, by the use of this omnipotent medicine, that it is an empirical inven tion. Their every organ, muscle, nerve and fibre, unite in giving the lie to the assertion. It is the same with dyspepsia, liver complaint, and in fact all internal maladies, with out exception.

Under such circumstances, can it be surprising that the name of Holloway is endeared to the American people of the Pills, now create neither fear nor anxiety. It is gene.

The pills of the Pills of the subjugation of these complaints by a course of the subjugation of the subju a course of the medicine is an easy task; that the sufferer who relies upon any other preparation, patent or prescribed, is literally scrambling for life in the dark; and that he or she who perishes under the false treatment of the faculty, " dies as the fool dieth."

We do not stand alone in our appreciation of the vitalizing and restorative qualities of the Pills. Almost every exchange paper we open contains some anecdote of their triumphs over disease, or of the uplifting of some debilitated and hopeless invalid from the lowest depths of physical weakness and mental despondency, by their aid. No other advertised medicines have ever commanded such encomiums from the medical, religious, political and independent press. recommended to the support of the Democratic party as Holloway's remedies. Papers and periodicals too frigid. ly aristocratic even to puplish the advertisements of the or. dinary nostrums of the day, have earnestly commended the Pills to the confidence of the afficted. Nothing but great facts, too widely known to be disputed, could have forced the accredited organs of the faculty to bow to this mighty innovator, the Cæsar of the world of medicine, and his peerless curatives. But even these have succumbed. Truth can no more be arrested in its course than the lightnings of heaven .- N. Y. Sunday " Mercury."

> P. P. P. SIDE, STOMACH OR BACK PAINS Are cured, and comfert obtained by using

the unanimous wish of the Convention by accepting the PARK'S PRICKLY PLASTERS. They are unlike any other plaster. They are composed of medicated gums that extract all coagulated impurities. and impart strength by reaching the seat of disease, and setting the vital fluids in healthy motion. They are divided in sections, and yield to the motion of the body. They are porous; hence, retain no excretion, and may be worn any length of time without becoming offensive, all weak and delicate persons should have them. Take no other. Order

them through your Druggist. Sold everywhere. BARNES & PARK, 13 & 15 Park Row, N. Y JOHN D. PARK, Cincinnati, Ohio.

April 22, 1859-34-3m

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMP'Y HARTFORD, CONN. INCORPORATED A. D. 1810..... CHARTER PERPETUAL Authorised Capital,.....\$1,000,000 ASSETS JANUARY 1, 1859. Cash on hand and in Bank. Real Estate unencumbered, (cash value,)...... 15,000 on Bills Receivable, amply secured,... 2,404 Shares Bank Stock in Hartford,... " New York, 197,750 00 66 66 64 Boston,..... 74,620 00 100 Shares Bank of the State of Missouri, 10,000 00

State and City Bonds, 6 per cents,.... Rail Road Stocks,.... United States' Treasury Notes,... 503,769 B DIRECTORS. H. HUNTINGTON. CHARLES BOSWELL, JOI ALLYN, ALBERT DAY, HENRY KENEY, JOLA P. BRACE. CHARLES J. RUSS. CALVIN DAY. H. HUNTINGTON. President. TIMO. C. ALLYN, Secretary.

C. C. LYMAN, Assistant Secretary. WM. N. BOWERS, Actuary. This old and reliable Company, established for nearly FIFTY YEARS, continues to Insure against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings, Furniture, Warehouses, Stores, Marchandise, Mills, Manufactories, and most other Particular attention given to insuring Farm Property, con sisting of Dwellings, Barns and Out-Buildings connected

and Furniture, Live Stock, Hay, Grain, Farming Utensils, &c., &c., contained in the same, for a term of three or ave Applications for Insurance may be made to the undersigned, the duly authorised Agent for Wilmington and vicinity, Losses equitably adjusted at this Agency, and paid immediately, upon satisfactory proofs, in funds current in the cities of New York or Boston, as the assured may prefer.

No. 39 MARKET ST.

241-1m-42-2m

It was supposed that the propriety of holding Con-H. R. SAVAGE, Agent. Wilmington, N. C., Feb. 19, 1859 .- 141-26-1y* WM. L. JACOBS' NAROLINA SADDLE AND HARNESS FACTORY

> THE UNDERSIGNED takes this method of informing his customers, and the public generally, that, having purchased of Mr. John J. Conoly his entire stock of SADDLES, MARNESS, &c., he still continues to carry on the above business, in all its branches, at the old stand of Those wishing anything in his line, would do well to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere, as he has a splen-

> did stock of SADDLES, HARNESS, BRIDLES, WHIPS MARTINGALES, SPURS, COLLARS, TRUNKS, CARPET BAGS, VALISES, &c., which he will sell low for cash. He has also on hand a fine assortment of HUB BANDS COACH LAMPS and HANDLES, and SHAFT TIPS,

REPAIRING done at short notice, and on reasonable In good faith you proposed a Convention to insure terms. April 13, 1859.—186-3m—33-1y.

THE SUBSCRIBER has for sale TWENTY-SIX THE SUBSCRIBER has for sale TWENTY-SLX HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND, lying near this place, about five miles from the Railroad. The Pines are all round. I will sell on accommodating terms, or exchange for young negroes. Persons wishing to purchase will come and examine the ALVA SMITH.

Fair Bluff, N. C, June 16th, 1859.

WILMINGTON BRASS AND IRON FOUNDRY AND FRONT STREET, BELOW MARKE THE SUBSCRIBER is prepared to furnish BRASS AND IRON CASTINGS, STEAM ENGINES, MILL-WORK AND MACHINERY of all kinds. Old Machinery overhauled and repaired.

Will make to order Patterns, Ornamental and Architec-

tural, and supply Drafts for all kind of Mach inery. All work warranted as represented. Cash paid for old Copper, Brass and Iron.
TERMS—Cash on delivery. JOHN C. BAILEY. W ilmington, June 24, 1858 NEW BOOKS.

BY ADAMS & CO.'S EXPRESS, at Kelley's Book Store:
Anna Clayton, or the Enquirer after Truth, by Rev. Sunshine, or Kate Vinton, by Mrs. H. B. McKeever. Th Flounced Robe and what it cost by do.

These two latter works I have read and can recommend them to all parents; for their children's reading they are valuable.

June 18

Havana Lottery, conducted by the Spanish Government, under the supervision of the Captain General of Cuba, will take place at HAVANA, on TUESDAY, June 28th, 1859.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.

THE NEXT ORDINARY DRAWING OF THE ROYAL

\$336,000. SORTEO NUMERO 619 ORDINARIO

CAPITAL PRIZE_\$100,000: 50,000 30,000 16,000 143

...... 10,000 | 20 Approximations... Four Approximations to the \$100,000 of \$600 each: 4 \$400 to \$50,000; 4 of \$400 to \$30,000; 4 of \$400 to \$16,00 Whole Tickets \$20; Halves \$10; Quarters \$5. Prizes cashed at sight at 5 per cent. discount. Bills on all solvent Banks taken at par. A drawing will be forwarded as soon as the res

All orders for Schemes or Tickets to be addressed DON RODRIGUEZ, care of City Post, Charleston, S. C.

NOTICE. T APPEARING FROM RETURNS MADE TO US, that more than one million of dollars have been subscribed to the capital stock of the BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA notice is hereby given that the Stockholders in said Bank will meet in the City of Raleigh on WEDNESDAY, the 20th July, for the purpose of organizing the corporation according to the provisions of the charter.

D. W. COURTS, C. H. BROGDEN June 8, 1859 .- 234-3wlaw.

A LL PERSONS are hereby cautioned against hunting, of in any other manner trespassing upon the lands belonging to the late John Hamilton, as the full extent of the law will be enforced against all offenders MILES COSTIN, Guardian. March 10, 1859.

THE WILMINGTON ICE HOUSE will be opened for the delivery of ICE every day at sunrise, closing at sunset, except on Sundays, when it will positively close at 9 A. M. ICE will not be delivered after time of closing except in cases of sickness.
TERMS CASH, without deviation. TICKETS can be procured and deposits made by thos

ICE for the country packed and forwarded as directed. ICE furnished to the sick poor free of charge, when directed. ted by physicians or members of the visiting committees Orders must be addressed to WILMINGTON ICE HOUSE A. H. VANBOKKELEN. April 1st, 1859.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS ISITING WILMINGTON are requested to call and ex amine our stock of STRAW GOODS, now offered by the case or dozen at manufacturers' cost prices.
100 dozen Mens' and Boys' Palm Leaf Hats, from 75 cents 100 dozen Leghorn Hats, from \$3 to \$9 per dozen.

25 " Panama and Maracabo Hats, from \$9 to \$18. 100 " braid and sewed Hats; Italian, Fayal, Cantology Orders promptly and carefully filled.

CHAS. D. MYERS,
CHAS. D. MYERS,

June 17. Hat and Cap Emporium, 34 Market street FLOUR.

100 BBLS. fresh ground—Fine, Super and Family.
ZENO H. GREENE.